

# **Pedestrian & Bike Crashes**

City of Knoxville: January 2007 – June 2019



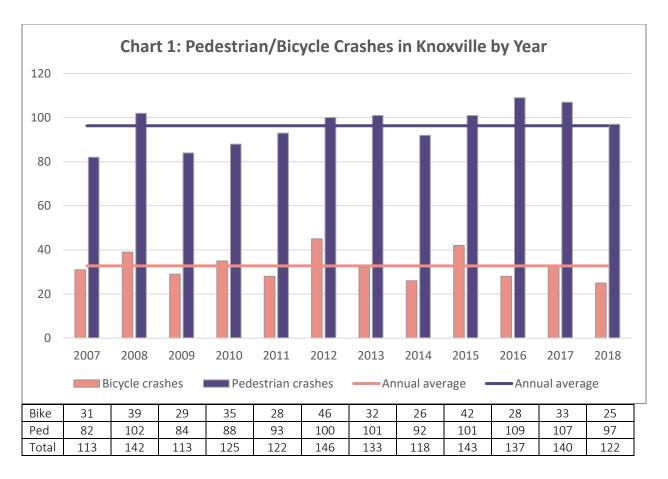
### **OVERVIEW**

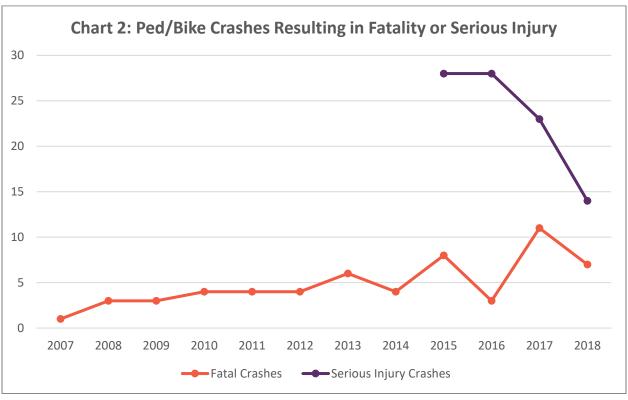
Between January of 2007 and June of 2019, there were 1,626 crashes involving either pedestrians or bicyclists. This results in a rate of 11 crashes per month, 130 crashes per year.

- 1,216 crashes (75 percent) involved pedestrians, 406 involved bicyclists, and 4 crashes involved both.
- Almost all of the crashes (1,498, or 92 percent) involved the injury or death of a person walking or bicycling.
  - o 1,415 crashes involved injuries only, and another 65 involved a fatality. Two crashes resulted in two fatalities each, for a total of 67 people killed while walking or bicycling. Of the 67 total fatalities, 62 were killed while walking, the other 5 while bicycling. Of the 62 pedestrian fatalities, 12 of them occurred on an Interstate, in 11 separate crashes.
  - Between January 2015 and June 2019, 20 percent of injury-only crashes involved serious injuries.<sup>1</sup>
- **Chart 1** shows the number of crashes by year. **Chart 2** shows the number of fatal and serious injury crashes by year.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Crash reports rank the severity of crashes as either fatal, suspected serious injury, suspected minor injury, possible injury, or no injury. Suspected serious injury crashes used to be reported as "incapacitating," and suspected minor injury crashes were reported as "non-incapacitating." For this report, suspected serious and incapacitating crashes are combined as "serious injury" crashes. Knoxville crash reports began to include reliable information about the severity of injuries in 2015.

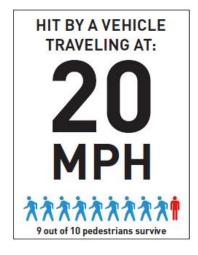


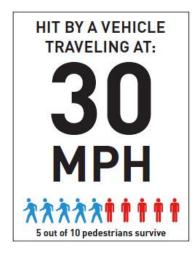


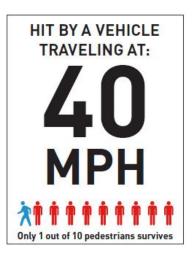
#### **CRASH SEVERITY**

Crashes in suburban and rural locations are less common, but tend to be more severe. This is likely due to higher travel speed of motor vehicles, compared with speeds in urban areas. For example, Cumberland Avenue in Knoxville has the most pedestrian/bicycle crashes per mile of any corridor in the Region, yet it hasn't seen any pedestrian/bicycle fatalities since 2007. By contrast, Oak Ridge Highway in Knox County saw only five pedestrian/bicycle crashes over eight years, but three of those crashes resulted in fatalities.

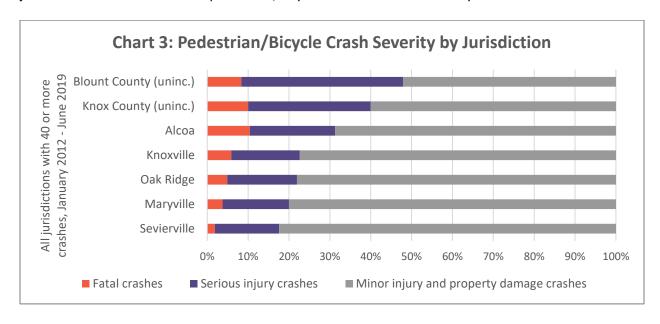
The graphic below illustrates the likelihood of a pedestrian being killed in a crash based on the speed of the motor vehicle.







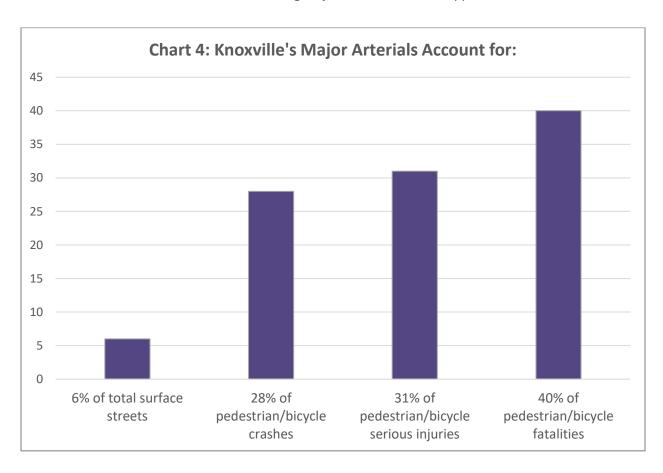
**Chart 3** compares the prevalence of fatal and serious injuries in pedestrian/bicycle crashes among all jurisdictions with more than 40 pedestrian/bicycle crashes between January 2012 and June 2019.



The location of 49 crashes (3 percent) in Knoxville is uncertain because of incomplete information in the crash reports. Another 18 occurred on an Interstate highway. The remainder of this report focuses on the 1,559 crashes that occurred on surface streets (non-Interstates) where the location is certain.

### **MAJOR ARTERIALS**

- Major arterials make up 6 percent of the surface street mileage within Knoxville. A disproportionate share of pedestrian/bicycle crashes, especially serious crashes, occur on major arterials (streets such as Broadway and Kingston Pike). **Chart 4** depicts this data.
  - 28 percent of crashes (439 crashes) occurred on major arterials. 89 percent (391) of the crashes on major arterials occurred on six streets: Broadway, Chapman Hwy, Cumberland Ave, Kingston Pike, Magnolia Ave, and Western Ave.
  - Since January 2015, crashes on major arterials resulted in 31 serious injuries, which is 31 percent of all serious injuries resulting from pedestrian/bicycle crashes during that time.
  - Crashes on major arterials resulted in 22 fatalities, which is 40 percent of all fatalities resulting from pedestrian/bicycle crashes.
  - o For more information on crashes along major arterials, see the Appendix.



#### TYPES OF CRASHES ANALYZED IN THIS REPORT

This report analyzes certain crash factors. It focuses on identifying locations and behaviors where interventions – in the form of design changes, education, or enforcement – may help to prevent future crashes. 665 (43 percent) of the 1,559 total crashes fit into one of these categories. Categories of crashes analyzed in this report are:

- **Drivers failing to yield while turning.** These are crashes where the report indicates that the pedestrian or bicyclist was behaving properly while traveling along or across a street, and the driver failed to yield while making a turn. These crashes suggest the need for changes to the geometry of the intersections and/or to the function of the traffic signals to prevent future crashes. Education and traffic enforcement can also help prevent these types of crashes.
- People struck by cars while walking in locations without sidewalks. These are crashes where the
  report indicates the pedestrian was walking along a street without sidewalks and was struck by a
  car. These crashes indicate the need for sidewalks to be installed.
- **Drivers failing to yield while going straight.** These are crashes where the report indicates that the pedestrian or cyclist was crossing the street in a legal crosswalk<sup>2</sup>, either marked or unmarked, and was struck by a driver. These crashes indicate the need for better design of crossing locations, which may include reducing crossing distances and the addition of signs, beacons, or signals. Education and traffic enforcement can also help prevent this type of crash.
- **Bicyclists riding in locations without safe facilities.** This category encompasses two crash factors: crashes where a bicyclist was struck from behind, or was struck while riding on the sidewalk.<sup>3</sup> These crashes indicate the need for a safe bicycle facility along a corridor.
- People struck by cars while crossing a street outside of an intersection or marked midblock
  crossing. These are crashes where the report indicates a pedestrian was struck while crossing a
  street at a location other than an intersection or a marked midblock crossing. These crashes suggest
  the need for additional crossings, as the existing crossings may be dangerous or inconvenient.
  Education of pedestrians can also help prevent this type of crash.
- **Bicyclists riding in an unsafe manner or location.** This category encompasses two crash factors: crashes where the bicyclist was either riding on the street against traffic, or riding at night with no lights. These crashes suggest the need for education for bicyclists.

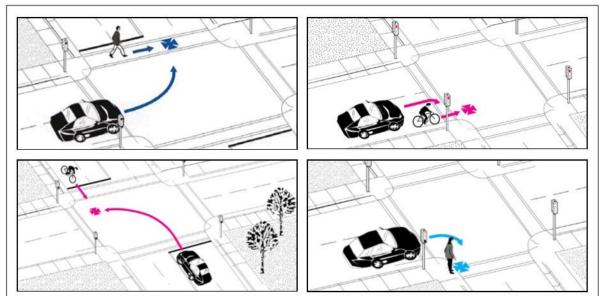
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tennessee Code Annotated 55-8-101 (11) defines "crosswalk" as "(A) That part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from the curbs or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; or (B) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Riding a bicycle on the sidewalk is legal. Bicycle safety educators generally warn against it, because of the danger from turning motor vehicles.

TABLE 1: Crash Fact	Number of Cra		Percent of		
		Ped	Bike	Total	Crashes*
4. D ()	Turning left	137	45	182	27
1. Drivers failing to yield while	Turning right (not right on red)	41	22	63	9
turning (305 total crashes, 46% of crashes with crash	Turning right on red light	38	8	46	7
factor)	Direction of turn unclear	9	5	14	2
Pedestrian struck while walking along corridor without sidewalks		79	0	79	12
3. Driver failing to your straight	75	10	85	13	
4. Bicyclist riding on	sidewalk	0	58	58	9
5. Pedestrian crossing an intersection or m	_	89	0	89	13
6. Bicyclist riding ag	0	19	19	3	
7. Driver striking bio	0	21	21	3	
8. Bicyclist riding at	0	9	9	1	

<sup>\*</sup>Percentages may not total to 100 due to rounding

### Crash Factor 1: Drivers failing to yield while turning



**CF1**: Examples of crash types where drivers fail to yield and strike pedestrians and bicyclists while turning.

Of the crashes where a crash factor has been identified, 305 (46 percent) involved a pedestrian or bicyclist hit by a car whose driver failed to yield properly when turning.<sup>4</sup>

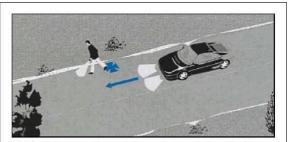
- Of these, 182 crashes involved drivers turning left; 63 involved a right turn (not on a red light); 46 involved a right turn on red; and in 14 the direction of the turn was unclear based on information in the crash report.
- 272 of these crashes involved injuries, and 1 additional crash was a fatality (a pedestrian killed at Kingston Pike and Forest Glen Drive).
- 225 of these cases involved pedestrians, and the remaining 80 involved bicyclists.
- 54 intersections experienced multiple instances of failure-to-yield crashes, accounting for a total of 143 crashes of this type. **Table 2** has more details about these intersections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This crash factor is identified only where the bicyclist or pedestrian involved was traveling safely and within the law and the driver failed to yield

involved) Intersection	Left	Right	Right	Turn	Total
mersection	turns	turn (not on red)	turn on red	direction	crashes
17 <sup>th</sup> St & Dale Ave		1		1	2
17 <sup>th</sup> St & Highland Ave	2		1		3
17 <sup>th</sup> St & White Ave	1	1			2
Andy Holt & 20 <sup>th</sup>	1,1				2
Brooks Ave & Biddle St	2				2
Broadway & 5 <sup>th</sup>	1		1		2
Broadway & Cecil		1	1		2
Broadway & Highland Dr	2		1		3
Broadway & McCroskey Ave	2	1	1		4
Broadway & Northgate Shopping Center entrance	2	1		1	4
Broadway & Oglewood Ave	2				2
Broadway & Washington Pk	1		1		2
Broadway & Woodland Ave/Coker Ave			2	1	3
Cedar Bluff Rd & Sherrill Blvd	1	1			2
Central St & Jackson Ave	2				2
Central St & Summit Hill Dr	1		1		2
Chapman Hwy & Woodlawn Pk	2				2
Clinch Ave & 11 <sup>th</sup> St	1		1		2
Clinch Ave & 16 <sup>th</sup> St	2				2
Clinch Ave & 17 <sup>th</sup> St	2				2
Clinch Ave & Henley St	1	2	1		4
Clinch Ave & Locust St	2	1	1		4
Clinch Ave & Walnut St	2				2
Clinch Ave & World's Fair Dr	1,1				2
Cumberland & 11 <sup>th</sup> St/Estabrook Rd	1		1		2
Cumberland & 16 <sup>th</sup> St/Volunteer Blvd	2	1			3
Cumberland & 17 <sup>th</sup> St/Melrose Pl	3	1	6, <mark>1</mark>		11
Cumberland Ave & 18 <sup>th</sup> St	1	1			2
Cumberland Ave & 19 <sup>th</sup> St	1	1			2
Cumberland Ave & 21 <sup>st</sup> St		2			2
Cumberland Ave & James Agee St	2	1			3
Downtown West & Ray Mears	2				2
Emory Rd & Heiskell Rd		1	1		2
Gay St & 5 <sup>th</sup> Ave	2				2
Gay St & Cumberland Ave	3				3
Gay St & Hill Ave	1,1				2
Gay St & Main St	4		1		5
Gay St & Summit Hill Dr	2,1	1	1		5
Henley St & Main St			1,1		2
			2, <mark>2</mark>		4
Kingston Pk & Alcoa Hwy off-ramp Kingston Pk & Killarney Rd/Londonderry Rd		2			

Martin Luther King Jr. Ave & Chestnut St	2			2
Melrose PI & Lake Ave	1	1		2
Melrose PI & Melrose Ave	1	1		2
Morrell Rd & Gleason Dr			2	2
Phillip Fulmer Way & Peyton Manning Pass	2			2
Sevier Ave & Jones St		4		4
Summit Hill Dr & Hall of Fame Dr	2			2
Summit Hill Dr & Walnut St	1		1	2
Sutherland Ave & Hollywood Rd	1		1	2
Volunteer Blvd & Pat Head Summitt St	4			4
Weisgarber Rd & Lonas Dr			1,1	2
Western Ave & Henley St	2			2
Western Ave & Middlebrook Pk	1		1	2

# Crash Factor 2: People struck by cars while walking in locations without sidewalks



**CF2:** A frequent crash type in rural & suburban areas is pedestrians being struck while walking in locations lacking sidewalks.

In 79 crashes (12 percent), a person walking along a street without a sidewalk was hit by a driver.<sup>5</sup> 72 of these crashes involved injuries, and an additional 2 were fatalities. 13 corridors saw multiple crashes of this type, resulting in 34 total crashes. **Table 3** has more information about these corridors.

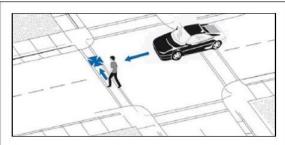
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This crash factor is identified only where the crash report finds that the pedestrian was walking along the side of the road when the crash happened, not cases where pedestrians entered the road to cross.

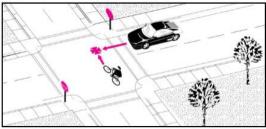
TABLE 3: Corridors with multiple p	people being struck while walking along streets without sidewalks
Crash occurred on this street	Crashes occurred in these locations
Breda Dr	West of The Hague
	West of Bedrock Way
Bruhin Rd	South of Almond Way
	South of Breda Dr (fatal crash)
Central Avenue Pk	South of Elyria Dr
	North of Merchant Dr
	South of Murray Dr
	Near Naueda Dr
Chapman Hwy	South of Gwinfield Dr
	Near W Martin Mill Pk
Dutch Valley Dr	East of Plummer Rd
	Near Ridge Grove Ln
Gleason Dr	East of Beaverton Rd
	East of Danbury Rd
	West of Forest Oak Dr
Heiskell Ave	East of Huray Ln (2 crashes)
Inskip Dr	West of Central Avenue Pk
	West of Coster Rd
	West of Hubbs Ln
	West of Maple Rd
	Near Schubert Rd (2 crashes)
Millertown Pk	Near Brookwood Rd (2 crashes)
Overbrook Dr	West of Chapman Hwy
	Near Gayview Dr
Piney Grove Church Rd	<ul> <li>East of Glade Hill Dr (2 crashes)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>North of Middlebrook Pk</li> </ul>
Sanderson Rd	North of Applewood Dr
	West of Keith Ave
Valley View Dr	East of Cross Valley Rd
	East of Katey Springs Way

### Crash Factor 3: Driver failing to yield while going straight

In 85 crashes (13 percent), drivers were going straight and failed to yield for a person walking or bicycling across the street in a legal crosswalk, either marked or unmarked, or who otherwise had the right of way.<sup>6</sup>

- 75 of these crashes involved pedestrians, while the remaining 10 involved bicyclists. 3 of these crashes were fatal, all of them involving people walking.
- In the 10 cases involving bicyclists, the drivers either failed to stop at stop signs, or pulled out from a stop sign, side street, or parking spot into the path of the bicyclist. Nine of these crashes occurred downtown or in Fort Sanders.
- Table 4 has information about areas that have seen multiple crashes of this type involving pedestrians.



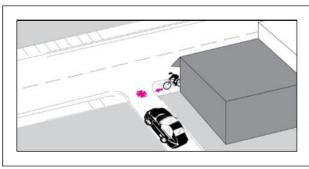


**CF3:** Examples of crash types where drivers fail to yield while going straight and strike a pedestrian or bicyclist.

TABLE 4: Areas with multiple pedestrians struck by drivers going straight and failing to yield										
Areas	Number of crashes and location details									
Marked crosswalks on Broadway near Magnolia Ave	6 crashes at crosswalk north of Magnolia; 1 at crosswalk at Broadway/Magnolia									
Intersections and driveways along Cumberland Ave	6 crashes between 17 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> streets									
Marked crosswalks on Central St	1 crash at Willow Ave; 1 at Jackson Ave; 2 at crosswalk between Willow and Jackson									
Marked crosswalks on Volunteer Blvd between Cumberland Ave and Melrose Ave	4 crashes									
Marked crosswalk on Hall of Fame Dr north of Church Ave	2 crashes									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This crash factor is not identified where the crash report finds that the person walking or bicycling entered the street in a way that failed to give the driver sufficient time to yield the right of way.

### Crash Factor 4: Bicyclist riding on sidewalk

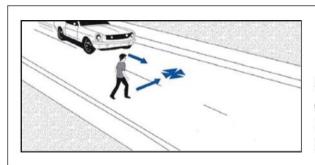


**CF4:** It's legal for bicyclists to ride on sidewalks. But it can put them in danger of being struck by a driver who does not expect to see them in that location.

58 crashes (9 percent) were associated with bicyclists riding on the sidewalk. 44 of these crashes involved injuries, and none were fatalities. **Table 5** has information about the 7 corridors that saw more than one of this crash type.

TABLE 5: Locations with multiple bicyclists being struck while riding on sidewalks							
Corridor	Number of crashes and locations						
Cumberland Ave/Kingston Pk	11 crashes between 17 <sup>th</sup> St & Alcoa Hwy						
Broadway	8 crashes between Cecil Ave and Chickamauga Ave						
Western Ave	7 crashes between 11 <sup>th</sup> St & News Sentinel Dr						
Chapman Hwy	4 crashes: 2 near Lippencott St, 2 near Mimosa Ave						
Middlebrook Pk	2 crashes: 1 at Citico St, 1 at Proctor St						
Central St	2 crashes: 1 at Oak Hill Ave, 1 at Hinton Ave						
Lovell Rd	2 crashes north of Simmons Rd						
Sutherland Ave	2 crashes: 1 at N Bellemeade Ave, 1 near Harry St						

# Crash Factor 5: Pedestrian crossing street outside of an intersection or marked crosswalk

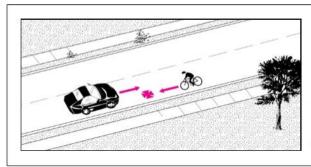


**CF5:** People crossing streets outside of designated crossing areas can be an indication that more and/or better crossing locations are needed.

In 89 crashes (13 percent), pedestrians were crossing the street outside of an intersection or marked crosswalk. 77 of these crashes involved injuries, and 7 others were fatalities. **Table 6** has information about the 12 corridors that saw multiple crashes of this type.

Corridor	Number of crashes and locations
Broadway	16 total crashes:
·	6 near Magnolia Ave
	4 between McCroskey Ave and Edgewood Ave
	2 near Powers St
	1 near Northgate Shopping Center entrance
	2 north of Highland Dr
	1 north of Madonna Cir
Magnolia Ave	8 total crashes:
iviagnona Ave	3 crashes between Mary and Castle streets
	• 2 crashes near Hembree St
	<ul> <li>1 west of Kyle St (fatality)</li> <li>1 east of Bertrand St</li> </ul>
\\\	
Western Ave	5 total crashes:
	2 between Knoxville College Dr and University Ave
	1 between Texas Ave and Mynderse Ave
	1 east of McKamey Rd
	1 east of Sanderson Rd
Cumberland	5 total crashes:
Ave/Kingston Pk	• 2 between 21 <sup>st</sup> St and 22 <sup>nd</sup> St
	• 1 between 18 <sup>th</sup> St and 19 <sup>th</sup> St
	1 west of Wesley Rd (fatality)
	1 west of Cheshire Dr
Middlebrook Pk	4 total crashes:
	• 2 near Clyde St
	1 east of Sutherland Ave
	• 1 west of 21 <sup>st</sup> St (fatality)
Chapman Hwy	3 total crashes:
	1 north of Lippencott St
	1 west of Lindy Dr
	1 north of Overbrook Dr
Cedar Bluff Rd	2 total crashes:
	1 between Cross Park Dr and Sherrill Blvd
	1 south of N Peters Rd
Clinch Ave	2 total crashes:
	1 west of Henley St
	• 1 east of 21 <sup>st</sup> St
Merchant Dr/	2 total crashes:
Cedar Ln	1 west of Marguerite Rd
	1 west of Rowan Rd
Rutledge Pk	2 total crashes:
	1 east of the I-40 interchange
	1 west of the I-40 interchange (fatality)
Summit Hill Dr	2 crashes east of Hall of Fame Dr, 1 fatality
Sutherland Ave	2 total crashes
	1 east of Longview Rd (fatality)
	1 east of Forest Heights Rd

### Crash Factor 6: Bicyclist riding against traffic



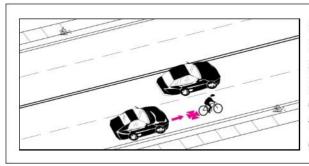
**CF6:** Some bicyclists ride against traffic in the mistaken belief that it's safer than riding in the same direction as other traffic.

19 bicyclists were struck while riding against traffic. 15 crashes involved injuries, with 1 fatality.

• There was a cluster of 3 of these crashes along Broadway near the off-ramp from westbound I-640. The rest were scattered around the City.

# Crash Factor 7: Driver striking bicyclist from behind

21 bicyclists were struck from behind by drivers. The crashes were scattered around the City. 18 crashes involved injuries, and another 2 were fatalities. **Table 7** has information about



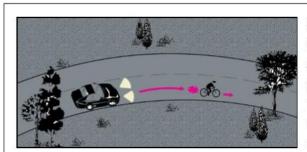
CF7: Drivers striking bicyclists from behind is a relatively uncommon but very dangerous crash type, accounting for 25% of fatal bicycle crashes across the U.S.

the 2 corridors that saw multiple crashes of this type.

TABLE 7: Locations with multiple bicyclists being struck from behind									
Corridor	rridor Number of crashes and locations								
Middlebrook Pk	total crashes:								
	1 near Loraine St								
	1 near Ed Shouse Dr								
Papermill Dr	2 crashes near Westfield Dr, 1 fatality								

## Crash Factor 8: Bicyclist riding at night with no lights

9 bicyclists were struck while riding at night with no lights. These crashes were scattered around the City. 7 crashes involved injuries, with no fatalities.



CF8: Tennessee law requires bicyclists riding after dark to use a mounted headlight and rear reflectors. A rear red light is also recommended.

### Methodology

Crash data were obtained directly from KPD (all crashes prior to June 2009) or downloaded from the TITAN database maintained by the State of Tennessee. Crashes were mapped in ArcMap GIS software based on latitude/longitude or closest intersection, where lat/long data were not available. TPO staff then reviewed the location of each crash to correct data errors. TPO staff assigned crash factors based on information obtained from individual crash reports, including crash narratives and information about citations issued.

### Image credit

All crash type images are from the Pedestrian and Bicycle Crash Analysis Tool (PBCAT), which was developed by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), in cooperation with the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). The purpose of the PBCAT is to assist with analysis of pedestrian/bicycle crashes with the goal of preventing them.

# Appendix: Pedestrian/bicycle crashes on major arterials in the City of Knoxville

As described in the full report on pedestrian/bicycle crashes in Knoxville, a disproportionate share of crashes and fatalities occur on major arterials (streets such as Broadway and Kingston Pike).

This confluence of pedestrian/bicycle crashes along major arterials happens for several reasons. Major arterials tend to be wide streets with high volumes of fast-moving traffic. High speeds make drivers less able to detect people walking and bicycling, and less able to stop quickly to avoid a collision.

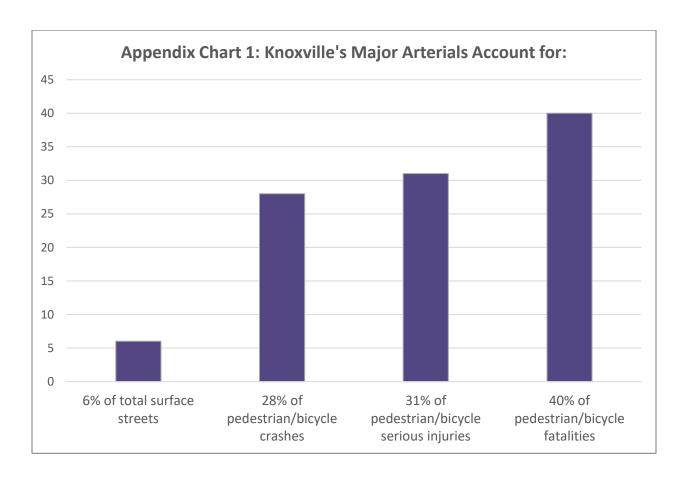
Major arterials also tend to feature transit routes and other frequent destinations for people walking and bicycling, resulting in a concentration of walkers and bicyclists on these streets.

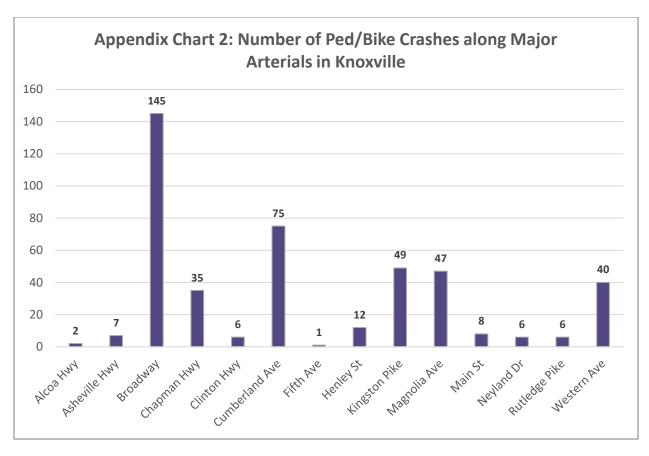
- Major arterials make up 6 percent of the surface street mileage within Knoxville.
- Of the crashes where locations are certain, 28 percent (439 crashes) occurred on major arterials. 89 percent (391) of the crashes on major arterials occurred on six streets: Broadway, Chapman Highway, Cumberland Avenue, Kingston Pike, Magnolia Avenue, and Western Avenue.
- Crashes on major arterials resulted in 22 fatalities, which is 40 percent of all fatalities resulting from pedestrian/bicycle crashes. Only 5 streets accounted for 19 of the 22 fatal crashes on major arterials: Broadway (6), Kingston Pike (4), Chapman Highway (3), Clinton Highway (3), and Rutledge Pike (2). Broadway had the most fatalities per mile.
- Since January 2015, crashes on major arterials resulted in 31 serious injuries<sup>7</sup>, which is 31 percent of all serious injuries resulting from pedestrian/bicycle crashes during that time.
- The two major arterials with the most pedestrian/bicycle crashes were Broadway, with 145 crashes, and Cumberland Avenue, with 75 crashes. Cumberland has the most pedestrian/bicycle crashes per mile, followed by Broadway.
- Two major arterials had a relatively small number of crashes, but a high percentage of crashes resulting in fatalities. On Clinton Highway, 3 out of 6 crashes resulted in a fatality, and on Rutledge Pike, 2 out of 6 crashes were fatal. By contrast, Cumberland Avenue has 0 pedestrian or bicycle fatalities.
- 20 of the 22 fatalities on major arterials involved people walking. Of the two bicycle fatalities, one occurred on Western Avenue, the other on Broadway.
- Combining fatal and serious injury (F+SI) crashes, 4 streets accounted for 68 percent of these crashes: Broadway (17 F+SI crashes), Kingston Pike (7), and Magnolia Avenue (7), and Chapman Highway (5). Broadway has the most F+SI crashes per mile.
- Three major arterials had a relatively small number of crashes, but a high percentage of crashes resulting in F+SI: Alcoa Highway (100 percent), Rutledge Pike (67 percent), and Clinton Highway (50 percent).
- The most common crash factor (48 percent) in crashes along major arterials is drivers making a turning movement and failing to yield. Nearly half of these turning movement crashes are left turns.

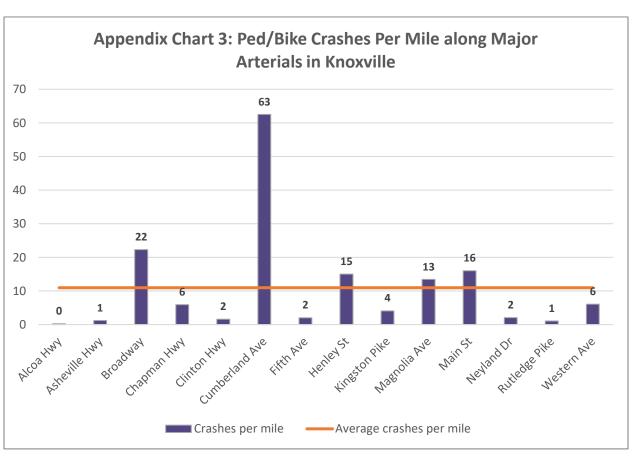
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Crash reports rank the severity of crashes as either fatal, suspected serious injury, suspected minor injury, possible injury, or no injury. Suspected serious injury crashes used to be reported as "incapacitating," and suspected minor injury crashes were reported as "non-incapacitating." For this report, suspected serious and incapacitating crashes are combined as "serious injury" crashes. Regional crash reports began to include reliable information about the severity of injuries in 2015.

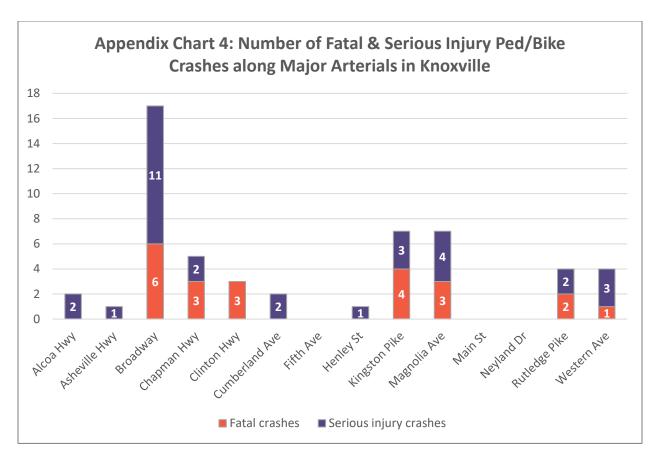
- The most dangerous crashes on arterials by crash factor are:
  - o "Pedestrian crossing the street outside of an intersection or marked crosswalk" (5 fatalities and 11 serious injuries on major arterials).
  - o "Drivers failing to yield while turning" (1 fatality and 5 serious injuries on major arterials).

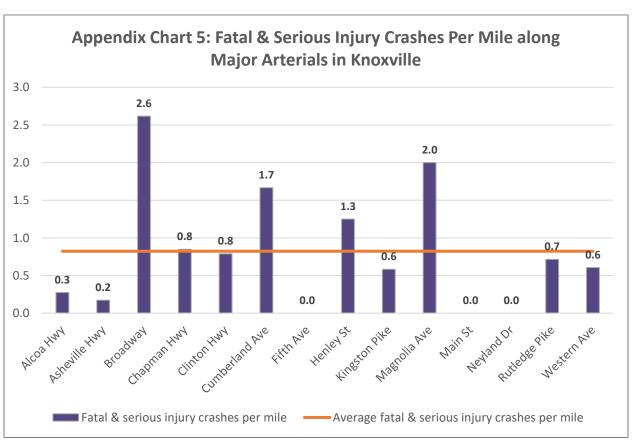
The charts and table that follow provide more data about crashes on major arterials.











### Appendix Table 1: Ped/Bike Crashes along Major Arterials in Knoxville -- January 2007 - June 2019

Major Arterial	Number of Crashes	Rank by Number of Crashes	Length of Arterial (in miles)	Crashes per Mile	Rank by Crashes Per Mile	Number of fatalities	Fatalities Per Mile	Rank by Fatalities Per Mile	Percentage of crashes resulting in fatality	Rank by Percentage of Fatalities	Number of Serious Injuries*	Fatal + Serious Injury (SI) total	Fatal + SI Per Mile		Percentage of Crashes Resulting in Fatality or SI
Alcoa Hwy	2	13	7.3	0	14		0.00		0.0%		2	2	0.3	10	100%
Asheville Hwy	7	9	5.8	1	12		0.00		0.0%		1	1	0.2	11	14%
Broadway	145	1	6.5	22	2	6	0.92	1	4.1%	6	11	17	2.6	1	12%
Chapman Hwy	35	6	5.9	6	7	3	0.51	4	8.6%	3	2	5	0.8	5	14%
Clinton Hwy	6	12	3.8	2	11	3	0.79	3	50.0%	1		3	0.8	6	50%
Cumberland Ave	75	2	1.2	63	1		0.00		0.0%		2	2	1.7	3	3%
Fifth Ave	1	14	0.5	2	10		0.00		0.0%			0	0.0		0%
Henley St	12	7	0.8	15	4		0.00		0.0%		1	1	1.3	4	8%
Kingston Pike	49	3	12	4	8	4	0.33	6	8.2%	4	3	7	0.6	9	14%
Magnolia Ave	47	4	3.5	13	5	3	0.86	2	6.4%	5	4	7	2.0	2	15%
Main St	8	8	0.5	16	3		0.00		0.0%			0	0.0		0%
Neyland Dr	6	10 (tie)	2.9	2	9		0.00		0.0%			0	0.0		0%
Rutledge Pike	6	10 (tie)	5.6	1	13	2	0.36	5	33.3%	2	2	4	0.7	7	67%
Western Ave	40	5	6.6	6	6	1	0.15	7	2.5%	7	3	4	0.6	8	10%

<sup>\*</sup> Crash reports rank the severity of crashes as either fatal, suspected serious injury, suspected minor injury, possible injury, or no injury. Suspected serious injury crashes used to be reported as "incapacitating," and suspected minor injury were reported as "non-incapacitating." For this report, suspected serious and incapacitating crashes are combined as "serious injury" crashes. Regional crash reports began to include reliable information about the severity of injuries in 2015.